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Vol. I.

EDMONTON, THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1910.

No. 139.

CIVIC DEPUTATION HAPPY AS IT LEFT THE PREMIER

Not Because It Was Leaving, But
Because of Assurances It
Had Received

C. P. R. BRIDGE MAY GO ON

Premier Sifton Said Government
Would Do Anything That
Is Necessary

It was a smiling and happy delegation that left Premier Sifton's office this morning. Mayor Lee and Mayor Duggan smiling, President McGee of the Board of Trade smiling, and Alderman Gariepy and R. B. Douglas joined in the general grin of joy. For had not the Premier just given them his assurance that the government would fulfill the guarantee of \$75,000 for the high-level bridge promised by the Rutherford administration.

Yes, he had, and then some.

Premier's Answer

The Premier's official answer to the delegation was as follows: "The agreement that was made by the late government with the cities of Edmonton and Strathcona in regard to the high-level bridge, will be carried out in its entirety by this government."

"Any assurances considered necessary by the respective cities will be given, and if it is considered that it would hasten the construction of the bridge, a cheque for the first year's amount will be issued on the request of the two cities."

Cabinet Meeting

When the delegation was ushered into the Premier's office this morning, only the Premier himself was there. But he explained to the delegation that there had been a meeting of the executive council earlier in the morning at which it was decided that the present government should give the required guarantee.

"We'll give it to you any way you like," said Mr. Sifton. "If an order-in-council is sufficient guarantee for the railway company, then we'll and good. But if it is not, then we are prepared to give you a marked cheque for the first year's payment, and the order-in-council for the remainder."

This made the members of the delegation smile very happily, for it was more than they had expected.

Wired to C. P. R.

As soon as the Mayor and Alderman Gariepy reached the telegraph office, they rushed off a wire to Mr. Peters telling him the result of this morning's conference, and wishing up with the words, "wire us at once what you want, and we'll see that you get it. But we want work to start immediately."

Guarantee Arranged

If the C. P. R. is content with the cheque for the first year's payment, amounting to nearly \$60,000, everything will be arranged very easily. If, on the other hand they want the whole amount, about fifteen of the prominent business men of the city are prepared to sign a note for the remaining two thirds, attach to it the order-in-council and then place the note in the bank, so that the company will feel certain of getting their money.

As Mayor Lee received a telegram from Mr. Peters yesterday afternoon, extending the time to raise the money one month, there ought to be no difficulty in arranging matters satisfactorily now. The C. P. R. will not be able to blame anyone except themselves for any delay in starting work now.

In view of the fact that the mission of the delegation was so amply rewarded, the meeting of the city council called for this afternoon will not be held, and so has been called off.

Taft's New Secretary

Washington, June 2.—Chas. D. Norton of Chicago, assistant secretary of the Treasury, was appointed secretary to President Taft today.

Raising Submarine

Calais, France, June 2.—Divers to-day succeeded in fastening a second and third chain around the French submarine Pluviois which was sunk by the steamer "Pas de Calais" last week.

FRENCH PAMPHLET
DEFENDING NAVY

Issue by Quebec Liberals to Offset Campaign of Monk and Bourassa

Ottawa, June 2.—The French Liberal organization of Quebec has issued a pamphlet of 48 pages in defence of the government's naval policy. It is evidently designed to offset the campaign against it by Monk, Bourassa and Lavergne.

A significant statement is that a plebiscite was impossible, because it would probably have placed Quebec in antagonism to the rest of the Dominion.

In combating the idea that the government had gone in for militarism, it is pointed out that Sir George Etienne Cartier proposed a fleet with 60,000 sailors, whereas Sir Wilfrid Laurier had undertaken a fleet which would be manned by 5,000 sailors.

IS BIG INFUX
OF JEWS COMING?

Disturbances in Russia, Say Some,
Will Send Great Crowds
to Canada

NO INDICATION AS YET

Agent of Jewish Organization Has
Received No Word of Such
a Movement

Montreal, June 2.—The recent disturbances in Russia have led many of the Jewish citizens to believe that this year will see a larger number of people enter this country than have come since the great invasion at the time of the awful persecutions in Russia some years ago, when special provisions were made for the Jews to point to accommodate the thousands who sought new homes and better opportunities in Canada. The enforcement of expulsion laws has resulted in conditions in the land of the Jews which will make life there impossible for thousands of Jews.

In Montreal thousands are watching the events which are occurring in Russia. Many of them feel that it will mean another flood of their brethren in race and creed to Canada and are anxious that something be done to receive them, arrangements be made to place them in various towns throughout the country in order that the congestion which has been seen in New York and the European cities in the Jewish quarters may be avoided. They fear that the Baron de Hirsch Institute, though its system is wonderful and its accommodations extensive, will not be able to handle the thousands whom they expect. They are anxious that at once a movement be started to find larger quarters and to train a staff to handle the flood of people whom they expect. No move has been made as yet. The matter, however, has been talked of, but so far no one has taken any active steps in the matter.

Mr. Lyon Cohen, of the Baron de Hirsch Institute, says that no greater rush of Jews is expected this year than in the past. "We have, at least, received no word from our agents on the other side," said Mr. Cohen, "and it would seem strange that they would not know of any great movement that is being undertaken such as you suggest." The great central bureau of the Jews is the Alliance Israelite Universelle, situated in Paris. To this office are all things reported, but the Baron de Hirsch Institute, which keeps constantly in touch with this bureau, has not been notified of any great influx. For this reason Mr. Cohen virtually denies the rumors.

He also pointed out that the new immigration laws of Canada would scarcely allow such great numbers to enter as have come in the past. The fact that all must be able-bodied and strong and healthy, and must have at least \$25, and in some cases \$50 with them before they can enter, according to Mr. Cohen will keep many out.

"It's too bad that these regulations were made," said Mr. Cohen. "They will keep many good people out, people who have trades, which are needed here."

DRUNKARD'S BLOW CAUSED HIS DEATH

Hotel Man Succumbs to Injury
Inflicted by Man He Was
Putting Out

Toronto, June 2.—Thos. Horder, proprietor of the Saranac Hotel at the corner of Queen and Soho streets is dead as the result of a blow from an unknown man whom he was escorting from the bar when about time to close up over a week ago. He paid little attention to the injury, but erysipelas set in and caused death. The police are unable to find his assailant.

WERE CLEANED UP DIFFERENT WAYS

Swedes Looked Better When
They Left Barber Shop But
Felt Very Sore

Seven Swedes blew into town yesterday and registered at the Immigration Hall. In the evening all seven decided upon a general clean-up and made their way to a tonsorial artist's on Jasper avenue. By way of explanation it might be said that none of them were conversant with the English language.

"Hair cut?" asked the barber, to the rest of them to mount the chairs. The men pointed to their heads as a means of explaining what they wanted and the barber set to work trimming their hair in accordance with the latest style.

"Shave?" they asked when they had finished the first job.

A look of wonderment surmounted the faces of the men in the chairs. The barbers took their silence for acquiescence and proceeded to relieve them of a week's growth of beard.

Not content with cutting their hair and shaving them, the poor innocent immigrants were subjected in turn to a shampoo, singe, and neck wash.

When the barbers demanded \$10.00 for services of each of them, however, it suddenly dawned on the Swedes that they were being stung. They handed over the money, however, but reported the matter to the immigration officials, who have taken the matter in hand and will demand a refund or prosecution will follow.

The authorities wish it to be understood that the swindling of innocent foreigners, who do not know "the ropes," is to cease, and those guilty of such despicable actions in future will find themselves in no end of trouble.

AVIATORS HAVE LOTS OF CHANCES

Big Purse Are Offered for Long
Distance Races in United
States

TOTAL FIFTY THOUSAND

One Race Will Be a Triangular
One Between Indianapolis,
Chicago and St. Louis

St. Louis, June 2.—A. B. Lamert, president of the Aero Club of St. Louis has announced the plans for an airplane race over a triangular course from Indianapolis to St. Louis, thence to Chicago and thence to Indianapolis. He said the definite announcement as to the rules would be made within a week. The purses are expected to be about \$30,000. The race will probably be held in October.

Another Big Race

Washington, June 2.—The interest of the national capital in the present agitation for long distance flights through the air has crystallized in a definite movement for an airship race between New York and Washington. July 4th has been tentatively set as the date for the contest and it is proposed to make the prize \$20,000.

VOLUNTEER FOR WAR

Constantinople, June 2.—It is reported that 50,000 volunteers in the district of Konia, have undertaken to bear arms in event of war with Greece.

Men's Oxfozds in black and tan, the swell shoes of the season, at Kelly & Moore's.

PETER SCHULTZ WAS ACQUITTED

Judge Decided There Was No
Evidence That He Wounded
His Father

THE FIGHT WAS JUSTIFIED

His Lordship Said That the Sons
Had Good Reason for Ejecting
Their Father

This morning in the Supreme Court Peter Schultz, charged with wounding his father by stabbing him, was acquitted by Mr. Justice Scott, who said that the father was evidently unreliable in his evidence, and that it was certain that the two sons, Peter and Aljos Schultz, had good reason for interfering and ejecting him from the house. It was also certain that Jacob Schultz had been wounded, but how it had been done was not shown in the evidence.

Mr. Brooks of Spruce Grove was put in the box, and testified to the fact that Jacob Schultz was addicted to drink and that he had often seen him the worse for liquor. Mr. Goos, pastor of the Lutheran Church, also gave evidence as to the character of Peter Schultz, who he said was a quiet, well-behaved boy.

Peter Schultz, giving evidence, said that this was the first time that they had any real trouble with their father, although the father had often struck him before, and that when he was not working he used to stay around the house and make remarks to his sons; as, for instance, one day he remarked that he would kill both his sons "one of those warm days."

"That was his occupation, was it?" asked his Lordship.

The accused was then acquitted and the court adjourned until ten o'clock on Monday.

MANY PARDONED.

Ottawa, June 2.—The prerogative of executive clemency is being somewhat extensively exercised in July. In the last full year 565 prisoners were released on ticket-of-leave from the penitentiaries, jails and reformatories of the country. This is double the figures of previous years.

ELECTIONS MAY BE HELD THIS MONTH

Proclamations and Polls Books
Are Already Being Prepared
by the Officials

Although there has been no official announcement yet as to when the bye elections will take place, it is quite likely that they will be held some time the latter part of this month or the first week in July. Already there is activity down at the parliament buildings preparing poll books, proclamations and so on for use in these elections. There will be three, one in Medicine Hat, Attorney-General Mitchell will run, and one in Lethbridge District, Provincial Secretary McLean's constituency.

JUMPS FROM TRAIN INTO EXCAVATION

Trenton, Ont., June 2.—MacKenzie Cammington, a young Belleville boy, boarded a freight going west and near Trenton jumped from the train into an excavation made for the Trent Valley Canal, nearly 60 feet deep. He was taken up unconscious and later removed to the Belleville hospital. Although bruised he is not thought to be dangerously injured.

NEW GOVERNMENT PARDONED PRISONER

United South African Cabinet's
Act of Clemency—Papers
Stab at Roosevelt

London, June 2.—Theodore Roosevelt's Gaidhail speech is again the subject of long editorial comments in the London morning papers. The new South African cabinet of yesterday decided to release Danzina, son of the famous chief, Cetewayo, who was serving a term of four years in Natal for harboring rebels and to give him a yearly allowance of \$2,500 subject to good behavior. London radical morning papers sarcastically express the hope that this act of clemency will not incur Roosevelt's displeasure on the score of sentimentality.

CABINET WILL REMAIN.

Copenhagen, June 2.—In view of the difficulty of forming a new cabinet in the present state of politics, Premier Seashla, at the request of King Frederick, has withdrawn the resignation of his ministers.

WILL ROOSEVELT JOIN INSURGENTS?

Letter to a Friend in Washington
Indicates He'll Be Active
Politically

STAND BY HIS FRIENDS

Ex-President Has Kept Himself
Well Informed of Whole
Political Situation at Home

Washington, D. C., June 2.—Ex-President Roosevelt has written a letter from London to a prominent Republican insurgent member of the house of representatives requesting the latter to meet him in a conference as soon after the president's arrival in New York on June 18th as possible.

Mr. Roosevelt's letter indicates that he is desirous of learning the insurgent situation in the house from first hand as soon as possible. The member receiving the letter declined to allow the use of his name, as he said it might prove embarrassing for both Mr. Roosevelt and himself. He did, however, show the letter to one or two persons.

It is known that there has been an interchange of letters between this member and the ex-president since the latter's arrival in Europe.

The insurgent is a long time personal friend of Mr. Roosevelt's and for that reason has not hesitated about advising the ex-president of the various political events which have transpired since Mr. Roosevelt's departure for Africa a year ago.

In response to Mr. Roosevelt's request, the "insurgent" member has made a hotel reservation in New York for June 18th.

This member expressed no doubt whatever that Mr. Roosevelt would support the cause of the house insurgents and prophesied that he would be found making a few speeches this fall in the districts represented by "insurgents" who might be in danger of defeat.

"Whatever else may have been charged," said this member, "Mr. Roosevelt has never been accused of ingratitude towards his friends."

DOCTORS OUGHT TO THINK MORE

Eminent Toronto Physician Says
the Present Day Medical Men
Are Machine Made

Toronto, June 2.—Dr. Adam Wright, president of the 48th annual convention of the Canadian association yesterday in an address dealt largely with the necessity for the better training of medical students. Doctors today, he said, were made and did not do enough thinking. He deprecated the habits of doctors of asking a rabid fee for sending patients to specialists.

Then the report of the milk commission was taken up.

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VERY UNPLEASANT BUT BENEFICIAL

This Rain and Snow Is Worth
Millions to the Country,
Say Authorities

SNOW AND RAIN GENERAL

Down in Lacombe Last Night
They Had Four Inches
of the Beautiful

Did you ever see such weather, but don't grouch about it, for "it's worth millions to the country." At least that's what one of the officials of the Department of Agriculture said this morning, and he ought to know.

Anyway, Edmonton is getting off very lightly. Down at Lacombe last night there was four inches of snow on the ground when several Edmonton people left there for home. Four inches of snow on the second of June, that's going some, even for "Sunny Alberta."

It must be a sort of balancing up of the weather scales, for don't you remember how away back in March we were having the most glorious kind of summer weather?

Here is a little clipping from the Capital of April 5th: "A thermometer on the sunny side of Jasper avenue registered 94 degrees at eleven o'clock this morning, which is going some for northern Alberta on the 5th of April."

However, the snow that is falling today will be of great benefit to the country generally. It is not cold enough to injure the crops in any way and yet there is enough snow to keep the ground moist for some little time to come. Reports from various parts of the province, indicate that snow and rain is general all over Alberta today and yesterday.

HOSPITAL PLANS ARE COMPLETED

As Soon As Council Passes Additional
Grant Tenders Will
Be Called for

It was stated this morning that the specifications and plans of the new city hospital are completed and as soon as the city council passes the vote granting the necessary funds, the contract for construction will be awarded.

The city council will discuss the measure probably on June 20th. The cost of the hospital is fixed at \$240,000. The committee in charge have a number of funds already, including the \$50,000 that has already been voted by council. The amount that is asked now is \$175,000.

PEOPLE TO POWERS.

London, June 2.—The Cretan government has sent a note to the protesting powers saying that Creta cannot live without Greek institutions and asking for union with Greece.

AUTHORITIES DID MAKE COMPLAINT

Statement Repeated That British
Officials Made Formal Objection
to New Regulations

SOME PAPERS DENY IT

It Is the Cash Qualification Clause
That Is Offensive to the
English

Ottawa, June 2.—The statement published that the British authorities had taken objection to certain of the new Canadian immigration regulations appears to have caused somewhat of a flurry in connection with certain circles. The story was published widespread in one section of the government and opposition press and denied subsequently by another. There is the best official authority for reiterating the statement that the volume of correspondence on the subject not only contains a protest of the different societies, but also the opinion of the British authorities that the regulations respecting cash qualifications should be withdrawn.

LEAGUE WILL BREAK UP

London, June 2.—The council of the Liberal League has decided to dissolve the League.

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TORONTO MAN CHOSEN

London, June 2.—The general assembly of United Free Church of Scotland has appointed Rev. Dr. J. E. McFadyen of Knox College, Toronto, to the chair of Old Testament Languages and Literature and Theology in Glasgow College.

PATRIOT'S PROTEST WRITTEN IN BLOOD

Chinaman Objected to the Govern-
ment Borrowing from Foreign
Financial Institutions

SEVERED HIS FINGER

Wrote Objections With the Stub
and Sent it to Board of
Communications

Peking, June 2.—The opposition of the gentry and other prominent leaders in Hunan and Hubei provinces to the acceptance by the Chinese government of the Hankow-Sze Chuen Railway loan has not diminished. On the contrary, the anti-foreign sentiment regarding this particular subject is becoming more pronounced.

This extremely hostile feeling was expressed in a startling manner recently. President Shi-Chi-Tehang, of the Board of Communications, received a letter from the leader of the opposition in Hunan province protesting against the conclusion of the loan. The communication was written in the blood of the writer's severed finger.

During the negotiations between the financial groups of Great Britain, Germany, France and the United States, there were occasional manifestations against the government in the two provinces and the trouble became acute a few weeks before the loan agreement was signed in Paris by the members of the International Banking Syndicate.

It is generally believed that the violence organized by the gentry and done by the native of Chang Sha, the capital of Hunan, was influenced to a considerable degree by opposition to the acceptance by China of foreign capital and foreign direction in the construction of the Hankow railway line, which influential personages in the province wish to have built if at all, with Chinese capital.

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The Daily Capital

Office of Publication—
123 HOWARD AVENUE, EDMONTON
A. E. WATTS, Publisher
D. E. BARNES, Business Manager
F. E. BARNES, Advertising Manager

TO SUBSCRIBERS
Readers of the Capital are requested to favor the management by reporting any irregularities in delivery.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
Daily, delivered by carrier in city, \$4.00
By mail to outside points, by year, \$2.00
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not a subscription, but the Saturday News
Albertan weekly review, established 1906, as well.)

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THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1910.

THE NEW CABINET

From the wording of the official announcement in regard to the new provincial cabinet, it is evident that Premier Sifton has not completed his work. So far as it has gone, the result is satisfactory. Mr. Mitchell is a man of high character, and no little ability and should have no difficulty in carrying Medicine Hat, in which city he made his home prior to accepting the district judgeship at Calgary. The news that Mr. Finlay's continued illness makes it probable for him to resign his seat in the legislature will be received with regret by the many friends he made for himself during his tenure of office under Mr. Rutherford. Mr. McLean of Lethbridge district is as yet an unknown quantity to the majority of people in the province, but locally, he is a man of weight, having large ranching and other interests in his constituency, and it is believed that he will make a useful minister. Since Mr. Marshall assumed the portfolio of agriculture, he has shown no little aptitude for the important duties which it involves. No one can talk to him for a minute without realizing that his interest in agricultural matters is genuine, and the Capital has reason to know that everywhere he has gone he has made an excellent impression upon the farming community. His retention of the post under the new premier is accordingly a matter of satisfaction. As to the policy of the new administration, more definite information will be forthcoming at an early date than that which is available now. But Mr. Sifton's brief statement yesterday gave fairly clear indication that there will be no violent change. "Speaking generally," he said, "it will be correct to say that the present government will fulfil the promises and carry on the work started by the late administration."

Now that the property on the south side of College avenue, between First and McDougall, has been offered to the city, the council does well to lose no time in securing possession of it. It would be a crying shame if the one open space giving an unimpeded view of the river valley were built over. The possibility of having this happen should have been guarded against years ago.

There is apparently every likelihood that the new government will carry out the promise of the old one in connection with the high level bridge. But why an order-in-council from the C. P. R. to start work on that already passed has yet to be explained. It was understood when the first vote was taken last November that the city was guaranteeing the whole amount required for the traffic deck in order that work might not be delayed. The only reason for rushing that vote on was to make it possible for the company to commence operations without having to wait for the two governments to carry out their promises. The city has entered into an agreement to see the matter through, no matter what the government does. The C. P. R. can surely hold it to its bargain, so why shouldn't work begin?

When the question was asked at the council meeting what the city would do if the provincial government did not make a grant to the high level bridge, Ald. Hyndman ejaculated: "We'll raise the money ourselves and fire the government." As Ald. Hyndman and some others used their influence to have the government fired which not only had committed itself to making the grant to the bridge but had done a great deal in other connections to meet the wishes of the people of Edmonton, it hardly likely that his threat will frighten the new premier very much. If there is any doubt as to what the province will do in the matter, the people of Edmonton know where the blame lies.

In view of the discussion which has been going on in reference to Ed-

monton's milk supply, an article recently written by the Medical Health Officer of Rochester, New York, is of value.

"Our chief problem in getting pure milk," writes that official, "is obtaining the right conditions where milk is produced. We try, first of all, to tell the farmer how it is possible for him to improve the sanitary conditions of his premises by just adding a little to what he already has."

"We have not made hard or unjust demands upon the farmer. Our aim has been to show him the real value, economic and sanitary, of a few inexpensive changes in his methods. Wherever we have found a man with his cows stabled in a dark, unventilated and ill-ventilated place, in which he has kept his milk at the milking hour just behind the cows, where we have found him washing cans in an untidy dairy kitchen, and hanging them up afterwards on a picket fence in the barnyard, where they were open to catch all the dirt whirling in the air, and where, without ice, he is accustomed to hurry the warm and unclean product to a hot railway station where the sun has opportunity to multiply the germs already there, we have sought to persuade him to do differently."

"We have asked him to provide suitable drainage for his stable; to keep his stable clean and sweet; provide facilities for the removal of debris; to cut good sized windows in the stable, to let in light and air; to see that his cows are kept properly cleaned; to provide his cows with suitable food and clean water; to provide a milk room, with running water, where he could properly clean utensils and store his milk; to keep his own supply of ice and use it to keep the milk cool; to use a small-mouthed milking can, and to see that only clean hands were permitted to do his milking."

"In order to do these things it is necessary for the milk inspector to become a teacher equipped with attractive, well printed booklets copiously illustrated, which he uses to help him in his arguments. The inspector strives to show, for instance, how a man can build and equip a model milk room at the small cost of \$200 if he does his own work, and how he can build a model ice house for a cost of \$75."

"The importance of the use of the small-mouthed pail is beginning to be seen by the farmers and we hope to make the old wide-mouthed pail thing of the past before long. We tell the farmer, in demonstrating its value, that it not only saves life and promotes the general health among the milk consumers, but that it is of distinct economic advantage to him by enabling him to keep his milk longer, thus getting a better market for it."

"What we call score cards are kept on all dairies. These records show the exact tests of the milk produced at each place and by the producer gets his rating. The booklets in the hands of the inspectors are of much importance. Plans are given showing how to build the stable, with proper ventilation, drainage and light, at a small cost. Diagrams are also given of the model milk room, showing the construction of the sinks, boilers, and sterilizers, etc., at a small cost."

"Rochester has three milk inspectors. They make regular rounds of investigation and inspection from two to four times a year. They have allied with them at least ninety per cent. of the producers. There are about eight hundred producers for the city of Rochester and about a hundred and eighty retailers. Some of the producers, of course, are also retailers."

What Others Say

MR. STEAD'S OPINION OF THE NEW KING

(Review of Reviews)

King Edward is gone. And what of his successor? King George, the fifth of that name, has hitherto had no opportunity of impressing the nation with a sense of his personality. He has been over-shadowed by his father, worse than his father was over-shadowed by Victoria. But he is a man of strong personality and decided character. In more respects than one he shows a remarkable resemblance to George III. In personal appearance he is very much like the Georgian monarch. But he is more unlike than the amiable idealist who occupies the Russian throne and our new monarch. George resembles George III in his political bias, not to say prejudice, of which it is permissible to speak as things of the past. For the new King will put away as childish things those prejudices and partialities in which the Georgian monarch was so much involved, but which are forbidden luxuries to a constitutional king. He even more closely resembled George III in the intensity of his love for his family. In one respect he is no like George

THE EDMONTON CAPITAL, THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1910.

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III. No monarch of our time has travelled as far. He has not merely circumnavigated the globe. He has visited almost every colony and dependency in the Empire. It is this which is his supreme distinction. He is the Ulysses of monarchs; he is in a sense, at least in his wanderings. He may almost be said to have been reared on the ocean wave, and to have spent no small part of his life in travelling from one part of the Empire to another. He is therefore pre-eminently the "Colonists' King," the King of the Britons over the sea, whose slogan cry he echoed at the Mansion house on his return from his Colonial tour "Wake up, England!"

The Inevitable

(Buffalo News)

Sixty-six years ago Tuesday the first telegram was sent. Since that time no messenger boy has ever had a lead pencil, humans have employed every art to keep within ten words and no woman ever received a telegram yet that she didn't say: "O dear, I wonder what's happened now!"

NEW ZEALAND HAS BRIGHT PROSPECTS

Government Will Develop and Control Water Powers Throughout Island

MANY SETTLERS THERE

Railway Returns Good the Country is Enjoying a Good Share of Prosperity

Wellington, N.Z., June 2.—The government of the Dominion has decided to control and develop water power services throughout New Zealand, and will shortly ask parliament's authority to expend up to \$2,500,000 to private users so that the water power of the country can be put to use for public as well as private purposes in different parts of the country.

Sir Joseph Ward states that the present method of leasing the power does not appear to have worked at all satisfactorily, considerable difficulties having been experienced in assenting to the requests of applicants for power. It was also evident that under the leasing system a very much heavier charge would be made to the users of power by private undertakings than would be imposed by the state. In one instance, what the country would get if it leased the power would run into \$5 a thousand horse power per annum, while those who were endeavoring to obtain the option propose to charge as high as \$20 to private users so that the matter had been very troublesome.

After carefully and fully considering it, the government has decided to control the power itself, and to expend annually up to the sum mentioned upon its development, thus enabling users to obtain power at a rate very much less than it could be obtained from private undertakings. The colony's possibilities in this connection with this highly important decision of the government are almost beyond the bounds of fancy. He considered that by building tunnels through the hills at Lake Coleridge, in Canterbury, 25,000 horse power could be developed without raising the lake level, the cost being estimated at \$200,000. As for the electrification of the New Zealand railways, Mr. Hancock stated, "There is no question about the water power of the colony being ample to handle the whole system, nor is there any doubtful engineering question involved."

ed. It is purely a question of business policy."

The Outlook Bright

Hon. J. A. Millar, minister of railways, labor and mines, considers New Zealand's outlook very bright. A very fair criterion of the spending power of a people is usually furnished by the railway returns. The indications are, that the present year will prove to have been in point of railway revenue, one of the best New Zealand has experienced. The receipts from both passengers and goods have been excellent. It is too early yet to give any figures, but he is able to say that while his estimate at the beginning of the year was \$15,250,000, the actual result is likely to be something in the neighborhood of \$16,250,000.

"Land settlement is going on very satisfactorily in New Zealand," said Mr. Millar. "Indeed, the difficulty is to get the land; there is no scarcity of people ready to settle it." Regulations were being prepared under the Land Settlement Finance Act, an important new law passed on the state books last session. Under this new legislation, any ten or twelve men can arrange to acquire a large estate and have it subdivided among themselves, upon agreement with the owner. All the residential clauses of the Land Act will apply to such an area, and the government will guarantee the owner the payment of his money. Meanwhile those who propose to settle upon the estate, put down a certain amount, and take up the land at once.

RUSH TO EUROPE

New York, June 2.—The grand rush for Europe is now in full swing and thousands of people are moving on to this port to go abroad. Over 17,000 people have engaged passage for this port in June and will pay \$3,000,000 for first class tickets on 58 steamships. The amount spent by these travellers alone in Europe is estimated at \$12,000,000.

RICH TERRITORY NORTH OF YUKON

Scientific Men Write of Their Travels on the Arctic Coast

WENT OVER NEW GROUND

Made Their Way Through District Which No White Men Have Touched Before

Vancouver, June 2.—News has been received at the American Museum of Natural History from Dr. Rudolph M. Anderson, biologist of the museum's expedition to the Arctic coast of North America, East and West of the Mackenzie river. The two recent letters from Dr. Anderson are dated at Herschel Island, August 22, and at Cape near Toker Point, Arctic coast, October 16, and give a narrative of the explorer's experiences during the past season.

Dr. Anderson writes that he and Stefansson left Flaxman Island on October 20, going in opposite directions. Dr. Anderson started east with one sled and eight dogs. He was accompanied by four Eskimos. They followed the coast line to the mouth of the Hula-Hula river, about six miles west of Barter Island. There they fixed a camp, and "civilized ration" gave out early in November, and for the next month the party lived on sheep with a few muscoves of ptarmigan found in Willow Ptarmigan were common but not ptarmigan rare in the creek valleys. Late in November, the expedition joined forces with a party of five Eskimos, whom they had met the summer before at Herschel Island.

Do You Want to Buy A FARM ?

We have a few extra good buys both in wild and improved land from \$10 to \$25 per acre. At \$25 we can sell you good improved land and in crop close to Edmonton. Do not delay if interested as we have a few extra good buys.

Do You Want to Buy CITY PROPERTY ?

We have good buys on First Street, Namayo ave. Clara St., Norwood and some lots very cheap near G.T.P. Shops.

Also have some good acrea adjoining city limits at \$225 per acre.

The Canadian Investment Company Limited

Phone 2903

232 Jasper E.

EDMONTON

ALTA.

Rich Territories

There is an immense territory south of the Radcott Mountains and north of Yukon which while prospectors have not yet reached except in a few places. To the knowledge of the Eskimos no white man had ever crossed the mountains in this region. Dr. Anderson and party with ten dogs in harness succeeded in crossing the divide, and in mid-December, just when rations were running low, they struck herds of caribou in the high foothills. Two porcupine and a great gray owl were added to their haul. In the latter part of December they saw large herds of caribou, at one time more than one thousand, within rifle range.

Late in January the party killed sixteen caribou, and one moose on Flaxman Island. This gave them provisions enough to make the return journey, which was accomplished without much difficulty, as the river was covered with ice. The expedition reached Flaxman Island, after recrossing the divide, on March 7, having been on a "straight meat" ration for four months.

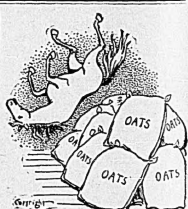
Hard Sailing

Dr. Anderson's second letter was written in Camp near Toker Point on the Arctic coast and mailed in October.

her. He said that the expedition had left Herschel Island on August 25 with two whale boats and one sloop. The sloop belonged to Ningashok, who wished to go some distance eastward on an independent venture. He aided the party materially by carrying seven dogs and several hundred pounds of baggage through the Mackenzie delta. Fearing the heavy September gales the party transferred their baggage from the sloop to the two whaleboats, which were loaded heavily, almost to the water's edge.

They entered the harbor of Kittigarynit September 26, after weathering a three day's gale from the north-west. Ice formed on the lagoon and a heavy fall of snow filled the sea with slush.

At the time of writing Dr. Anderson and party left for the eastward from Toker Point to join Stefansson, expecting to find him somewhere between Rialle Island and Cape Parry. He said that it was his intention to follow the coast a little further east than Warren Point, make a portage across to the Eskimo lakes and to reach Liverpool Bay near Nicholson Island and then go on to Baile Island. If Stefansson was not at Baile Island he purposed to proceed down the west coast of Franklin Bay around to Cape Parry.



Don't Blame

Halley's Comet

If you find your horse off his feed. Feeding dirty oats may be the cause.

You can buy clean oats at the

Alberta Grain Co's

No. 7 Elevator opposite the C. N. R. Station at a price that will astonish you.

Call and see our stock or Phone 2249

If you have any Property, Agreements or Mortgages to sell, list them with
NORTHERN INVESTMENT AGENCY LIMITED
21 JASPER AVENUE WEST PHONE 2686
And we will find a buyer

Just Think Of It!
Black Iron porch or hall lanterns, old English style. All complete with art or plain glass
For \$10.00
THE ELECTRIC CONSTRUCTION CO.
Second street, opposite Reillon's Phone 2914

REAL HOME MADE BREAD
HUXLEYS
1434 Syndicate Avenue. Phone 2231

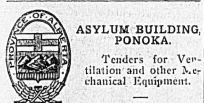
MANITOBA SCANDAL.

Winnipeg, Man., June 2.—Madame Alexander, who made a visit to Minneapolis some three months ago and made a stir by displaying her diamonds, which she said were given to her by ministers of the state in the provinces, was today fined \$50 and costs under a charge of vagrancy. The information read that she did keep a house to aid prostitution. G. H. Hall, who was associated with her, was also fined \$50 and costs. The club is said to be a political organization patronized by ministers of the Manitoba cabinet.

CHANGE OF TIME



June 5, 1910



Sealed and separate tenders addressed to John Stocks, Deputy Minister of Public Works, Edmonton, registered and indorsed tenders for—
(a) Plumbing.
(b) Heating, Ventilation and Mechanical Equipment, will be received up to 12 o'clock noon, Thursday, June 2, 1910.

Plans and specifications may be seen and forms of tender had at the Engineer's Office, Department of Public Works, Edmonton, or at the Branch Office of the Department of Public Works, Calgary.

All tenders must be accompanied by an accepted cheque payable at the Bank of Montreal to the amount of five (5) per cent of the tender, as a guarantee that, should a tender be accepted, the bidder is prepared to execute a contract within three days after acceptance.

If a tender is accepted a marked cheque or guarantee bond of a Surety Company doing business in Alberta, to the amount of twenty (20) per cent of the tender will be required when the contract is executed. The cheque is reserved to reject any or all bids or waive any defects.

JOHN STOCKS,
Dep. Minister of Public Works
Dated at Edmonton this 26th day of May, 1910.
May 26-June 11.

Mamma's Bread

THE LEADER

Norwood Bakery

PHONE 2170



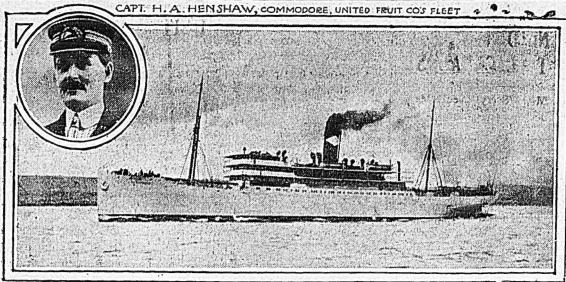
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Is our Speciality. We claim to give the best satisfaction in all our work and guarantee for one year.

A. Bruce Powley JEWELLER

Issuer of Marriage Licenses
Official Watch Inspector C. N. R.

Carl Henningsens
Dye Works
406 Fraser Ave. Phone 1728
Edmonton



THE S.S. ALMIRANTE

An indication of the growing importance of Central American countries is the improvement made in the communications between them and the United States. The "Almirante" is one of a fleet of four boats put on the run by the United Fruit Company.

POET'S SUICIDE QUITE POETIC

Crowned With a Garland of Roses
He Rode Into the Sea

CALLED MODERN APOLLO

Young Greek Poet Was Depressed
by Belief that His Work
Wasn't Appreciated

Athens, June 2.—Pericles Janopolis, a Greek poet who was known as the modern Apollo because of the classic beauty of his features, has sought death in an uncommon form. Although living in comfortable circumstances, he has become depressed owing to a belief that the public do not appreciate his writings, and he therefore determined to end his life. One evening he entertained friends at dinner, after which he recited some poems by Oscar Wilde. Afterwards, although a fierce gale was blowing, he drove in a carriage alone to Mount Egaleo, known today as Saramanga, whence, Xerxes, the Persian king, watched the battle of Salamis. Here he sent the coachman back with one of the horses. Then, after crowning himself with a wreath of roses, he mounted the other horse and dashed down the steep mountain side into the sea.

At the moment when the horse lost its footing in the waves the poet blew his whistle out. The next day each of his guests of the previous evening received a statuette of the poet on horseback going to his doom, with a note to the effect that he had "chosen this, the most acceptable road to the palace of Persephone, the goddess of the sea." His only request was that if his body should be cast ashore, it should be given back to the waves.

NO CAUSE FOR DELAY.

"I sent for you, doctor, because you are famous as a specialist cases similar to mine," said the sick man. "Ah, I see," rejoined the noted M.D. "But before we go any further," continued the patient, "I'll tell my duty to inform you that \$5 is all that I am able to pay you for your services."

WHERE THEIR SYMPATHIES LAY.

The "new-catch, sullen peoples," except when menaced by military power, see no reason to prefer one breed of white man to another. Dr. T. L. Pennell, in his book, "Among the Wild Tribes of the Afghan Frontier," tells a story to illustrate this. A British officer in the Kuram valley once asked an old Afghani where the sympathies of his people were between England and Russia.

"Now tell me," said the officer, "if there were to be war—which God forbid—between Russia and England, what part would you and your people take? Whom would you side with?" "Do you wish me to tell you what I would please you or to tell you the real truth?" was the naive reply. "I abjure you to tell me what is the white word."

"Then," said the old graybeard, "we would just sit up here on our mountain tops watching on our mouth, until we saw one or the other defeated. Then we would come down and loot the vanquished till the last mule. God is great! What a time that would be for us!"

ON THE LOOKOUT.

"Do ye notice y'r new neighbors, Mrs. O'Leary?" "Not to speak to, but O' notice jerry thing they do," Judge O'Leary said.

CHILD MAILS PRAYER

It Was in Thankfulness For Her Sister's Escape from Drowning

Pocomoke City, Md., June 2.—Postmaster O. J. Lucas of this city, has just received a letter which he was unable to deliver. It was addressed to "Jesus, Heaven." The assistant postmaster, his daughter, found that the missive was mailed by a little girl, Olga Walf, of this place, who wrote the Savior in childish phraseology thanking him for saving her sister, Vivian, from drowning. The latter fell into the Pocomoke river, and was rescued.

SAVING TIME ON TIME TABLES.

To most people, especially when they are on the road, time is money, but time-tables are not convertible into cash. In the pages of "Through Savage Europe," Harry De Windt gives a curious and amusing experience on a Russian railway some years ago. The patience of the Russians is in marked contrast with the impatience of American travelers.

All Russians have a rooted antipathy to fast railway travel. If one may judge from an incident which occurred some years ago when I was travelling across the Caucasus from Batoum to Baku. We had reached a tunnel, at the entrance of which the train waited for at least twenty minutes.

"There is something wrong!" I remarked to a fellow-passenger. "Oh, no," he replied, "we are only making up the time. This tunnel was may judge from an incident which occurred some years ago when I was travelling across the Caucasus from Batoum to Baku. We had reached a tunnel, at the entrance of which the train waited for at least twenty minutes.

CONSERVATION OF TEMPER.

"That golf is a good game for the temper as well as for the body no one can deny. The Strand Magazine illustrates this great truth with the story of an elderly Indian colonel whose boast was that he had a tranquil disposition which nothing could ruffle. He took up golf, and for a long time his friends failed to notice any change in him.

One day while playing a foursome, he got into a notorious "Devil's Punchbowl" bunker, and spent a terrible fifteen minutes trying first to find his ball and then to play it out. He tried nearly every club in vain, and at last, glaring like a demon, he smashed them one after one across a jagged rock.

"What are you doing?" cried one of the party above. "It's all right!" he snorted. "It's better to break your clubs than to lose your temper."

UNEXPECTED GIFTS.

Mrs. Newhouse was patiently instructing her Irish maid of all work as to the proper names of certain articles.

"And Bridget," she said at one time, "these are ewers—ewers—don't call them jugs any more."

"Sure an I won't, ma'am," said Bridget, joyfully. "An' is all them little basins mine, too, ma'am?"

MISPLACED RAPTURE.

To show the absurdity of Swedenborg's ideas, the preacher drew a graphic account of the supposed "Swedish heaven," with beautiful fields, fine horses, cows, etc. In the midst of his glowing description one of the sisters went into raptures, and shouted: "Glory, glory, glory!" "Hold on there, sister," said the preacher, "you're shouting over the wrong heaven!"—Success Magazine.

GERMAN KAISER'S GIFT TO MEXICO

Is a Large and Handsome Statue of Von Humboldt, Great Explorer and Scientist

Mexico City, June 2.—The Emperor of Germany will present a magnificent gift to the Mexican people next September during the centennial celebration. The present is a large and handsome statue of Baron Alexander von Humboldt. Photographs of the statue have just been received, together with a letter from the sculptor, Ernest Presle. He says he has carried out the ideas he has conceived of the great explorer and scientist.

The Humboldt statue will occupy some prominent place in Mexico City probably on the Paseo de la Reforma, notable largely for half a dozen large statues of famous men, including Cuauhtemoc, one of the Aztec emperors of Mexico of the long ago.

FATHER ACCUSED.

Maose Jaw, June 2.—The coroner's jury returned a verdict to the effect that Russell Lloyd Smith was strangled Sunday evening by his father, Moses Smith. He will be taken to the Regina jail today.

PROBABLY TRUE.

A raw Irishman shipped as one of the crew on a revenue cruiser. His turn at the wheel came around, and after a somewhat eccentric session in the pilot house he found himself the butt of no little humor below. "Begorrah," he growled at last, "and ye needn't talk I bet I done more steerin' in ten minutes' ye done in yer howl watch!"—Success Magazine.

FOUND.

He was undoubtedly "three sheets in the wind," and the friends he made were taking him home according to his own directions. They had knocked up the residents of two houses, but the people had sternly refused to be saddled with an intoxicated stranger, so they tried again.

At the door of the third establishment the man said: "Blest if I know if this is my place." Then he called softly, "Mary, my love, are you up?" "Mary, my beloved wife, are you sick—waiting for your dear husband?" Just then a jugful of water fell on the three from an upstairs window, and presently the jug followed, accompanied by other missiles.

"Gentlemen," said the inebriate, sitting upon the footpath, "you can go now—no thanks. This is the place!"

CAPT. SCOTT LEAVES.

British Naval Officer Starts on Trip for South Pole.

London, June 2.—The British Antarctic expedition set sail yesterday. Capt. Scott has announced that he will leave for the date for his arrival at the south pole. The Terra Nova sailed this evening from the Thames for Cardiff. Thence, after coaling, she will proceed to New Zealand, where Capt. Scott will come aboard. The 10,000 mile voyage into the Antarctic will then be continued. Captain Scott and Lieut. E. R. Evans, second in command, claim that they have the best equipped expedition that has started on a polar search.

C.P.R. BUYING BONDS.

Company Will Thus Secure Control of Dominion Atlantic.

Montreal, June 2.—The Canadian Pacific has made another step toward securing control of the Dominion Atlantic Railway by purchasing the bond issue of the Midland section of that road. The Midland was built by a Montreal syndicate and sold to the Dominion Atlantic, which paid for it by a debenture issue of \$1,000,000. These bonds have been purchased by the C.P.R. at 85, or a lump sum of about \$900,000. It is understood that C.P.R. Shagnessy and a party of C.P.R. shareholders will make an inspection of the Dominion Atlantic during June.

GRANT TO AVIATORS.

Ottawa, June 2.—The statement is made in an evening paper that the government has under consideration the making of a grant to assist Baldwin and McCurdy, the Canadian aviators. It is not intended to purchase an aeroplane, but if the work is encouraged by the government there will be a condition that the machines may be utilized for the mutual benefit of the makers and the militia.

NEW UNION'S THANKS.

Ottawa, June 2.—His Excellency Earl Grey has received the following message from Lord Gladstone, governor-general of South Africa, in reply to Canada's message of congratulation on the first anniversary of the first South African confederation: "The government of the Union of South Africa highly appreciates the congratulations of the Dominion of Canada, on the consummation of the South African Union, and on behalf of the people of South Africa expresses its grateful thanks."

THRIFT.

An economical housewife drank a quantity of silver nitrate by mistake. The doctor, who had been hastily summoned, ordered large draughts of the white of eggs to be administered. "Mary!" murmured the almost unconscious patient, "save the yolks for puddings!"—Success Magazine.

GOVERNMENT VICTORY

Hotly Contested Election in Hungary Has Happy Ending

Budapest, June 2.—General elections were held throughout Hungary yesterday and the returns indicate a decisive victory for the government which will terminate the long feud between the Emperor and the Hungarian parliament. Meet of the ministers were re-elected.

KANSAS NEEDS MANY.

Topeka, Kas., June 2.—Kansas will need about 100,000 harvest hands this year, according to Charles Harris, director of the state free employment bureau. Harvest will not begin before June 20 and possible not before June 25.

REGISTRATION IN MANITOBA.

Winnipeg, June 2.—It was announced yesterday that registration in Winnipeg and Brandon will be held June 15, 16 and 17. Clerks will sit June 18 to hear objections and the court of review will sit June 28.

PORTO RICO EXHIBITION.

San Juan, Porto Rico, June 2.—Governor Couther has informed the foreign consuls that an exhibition will be held in San Juan next February, and has extended an invitation to the nations to take part in it.

TWENTY MEN KILLED.

Ogden, Utah, June 2.—Twenty workmen were killed at an explosion yesterday in a quarry at the Union Portland Cement works at Devine's Slide, Utah, thirty miles east of Ogden.

BATTLE WITH SMUGGLERS.

Krasnoyarsk, Russia, June 2.—A savage encounter of frontier guards and a band of smugglers near the Siberian border is reported. The smugglers had been detected in their operations and having been surrounded, gave battle, and were successful in standing off the guards for some time. In the fight three guards and six of the contrabandists were killed.

NAVAL SERGEANT SUICIDES.

San Francisco, Cal., June 2.—Facing a court martial, with the prospect of imprisonment and possible dishonorable discharge from the navy, Sergeant G. C. Reeves, United States Marines, committed suicide yesterday at God Island, with a revolver.

NEW C. P. R. OFFICIAL.

Vancouver, B.C., June 2.—J. C. Randle, assistant engineer for the central division of the C.P.R., with headquarters in Winnipeg, is to be chief engineer for the Pacific division, vice C. E. Cartwright resigned.

How about you?

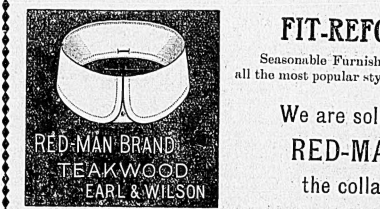
The majority of men and young men buy their Clothing, Furnishings and Shoes here.

Are you one of the majority who gets satisfaction, or are you one of the minority who has yet to find that perfect satisfaction to be found only at

J. H. Morris & Co.

The Home of Good Clothes

Our clothing department presents all that is latest in suits, spring overcoats, raincoats, and trousers for men and young men, also suits, reefers and odd pants for all ages of boys.



Dept. Phone 2901
270-76 Jasper Avenue East

FIT-REFORM AGENCY

Seasonable Furnishings are to be found here in all the most popular styles and at prices that satisfy.

We are sole agents for the

RED-MAN COLLAR

the collar that pleases

Special Orders Promptly Executed

Bylaw No. 279

A Bylaw to grant the Pitsch Compressing Company, a special franchise for the supply of artificial gas for the lighting of railway coaches.

WHEREAS the Pitsch Compressing Company of New York has requested the Municipal Council of the City of Edmonton to grant them the right to manufacture and deliver artificial gas for the purpose of supplying railway coaches with the same for the lighting of their coaches;

AND WHEREAS for the purpose aforesaid the Municipal Council of the City of Edmonton deem it expedient to enter into an agreement in the words and figures set forth in the Memorandum of Agreement hereto annexed and called "Schedule A";

AND WHEREAS the Municipal Council of the City of Edmonton deem it expedient to pass this bylaw for the purpose aforesaid;

NOW, THEREFORE, the Municipal Council of the City of Edmonton duly assembled, enacts as follows:

1. The Corporation of the City of Edmonton do hereby grant to the said Pitsch Compressing Company a special franchise, which the said agreement (a copy whereof is hereto attached) purports to grant to the said Company, subject to all the covenants, conditions, provisions, restrictions, penalties and other terms fully set forth in said agreement.

2. After the final passing of this bylaw the Mayor and Secretary-Treasurer of the Corporation are hereby authorized and empowered to execute a memorandum of agreement in the terms of the said Schedule A on behalf of the City of Edmonton.

3. This bylaw shall take effect on the final passing thereof.

4. The votes of the burgesses for and against this bylaw shall be taken at the places hereinafter mentioned in the City on Monday, the 20th day of June, 1910, between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.

5. The Council Chamber of the City of Edmonton, Insurance Agent, is hereby appointed returning officer and Charles Edward McMann of the said City of Edmonton, Real Estate Broker, is hereby appointed deputy returning officer; and for the purpose of taking such votes the City is hereby divided into polling subdivisions as follows: Polling subdivision No. 1, being all that part of the City of Edmonton lying west of Ninth street; Polling subdivision No. 2, being all that part of the City of Edmonton lying between First and Ninth streets, and River Lot 4; Polling subdivision No. 3, being all that part of the City of Edmonton lying east of First street and South of Clark street, except River Lot 4; Polling subdivision No. 4, being all that part of the City of Edmonton lying east of First street and North of Clark street; and William C. Marshall of the said City of Edmonton, accountant, is hereby appointed deputy returning officer for Polling subdivision No. 1, wherein the votes are to be polled at No. 1128 Jasper Avenue West; Edmund Chamberlain of the said City of Edmonton, agent, is hereby appointed deputy returning officer for Polling subdivision No. 2, wherein the votes are to be polled at No. 47 Jasper Avenue West; George V. Osborn of the City of Edmonton, dealer, is hereby appointed deputy returning officer for Polling subdivision No. 3, wherein the votes are to be polled at the City Hall; Frank Avenue; and Walter Candy, of the City of Edmonton, Accountant, is hereby appointed deputy returning officer for Polling subdivision No. 4, wherein the votes are to be polled at No. 1233 Ninistaw Avenue.

6. The Council Chamber at the hour of 11 a. m., on Friday, the 17th day of June, 1910, is hereby fixed as the place where and the time when the Mayor will be present to make all such proper appointments as he may be requested to make of persons to attend at the polling places and at the final summing up of the votes by the Secretary-Treasurer on behalf of the persons interested in promoting or opposing the passing of this bylaw.

7. The Council Chamber at the hour of 11 a. m., on Tuesday, the 21st day of June, 1910, is hereby fixed as the place and the time where and when the Secretary-Treasurer will sum up the number of votes given for and against this bylaw.

PASSED provisionally in Council, this twenty-third day of May, 1910.

(Signed) ROBERT LEE, Mayor.

(Signed) F. M. C. CROSSKILL, Secretary-Treasurer.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the above is a true copy of a proposed bylaw which has been introduced and which may finally be passed by the Council (in the event of the assent of the burgesses being obtained thereon) within four weeks of the voting therein and that upon the day, namely, Monday, the 20th day of June, 1910, and the place, namely, 1128 Jasper Avenue West, 47 Jasper Avenue West, the City Hall and 1233 Ninistaw Avenue, fixed for the taking of the votes of the burgesses thereon, the voice will be held between the hours of 9 a. m. and 5 p. m.

C. ROSS PALMER, Returning Officer.

SCHEDULE "A"
MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT, made this 20th day of June, 1910, BETWEEN the Pitsch Compressing Company of the City of New York, in the State of New York, one of the United States of America (hereinafter called "the Corporation") of the First Part; AND the Corporation of the City of Edmonton (hereinafter called "the Corporation") of the Second Part; WHEREAS the Contractors pro-

pose to undertake to manufacture and supply artificial gas for the lighting of railway coaches and have applied to the said Corporation for the privilege of constructing such works with the City as may be required for the purpose of manufacturing and delivering the same.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

1. The Contractors will erect and establish within the said City and will maintain and operate a plant for the manufacture and delivery of artificial gas for the lighting of railway coaches.

2. (a). The term "work" or "works" as used in this agreement, unless otherwise specified, shall be interpreted to extend to and include all the property of the Contractors, both real and personal, used in connection with the business to be carried on at Edmonton under the terms of this agreement.

(b). The word "street" in the singular or plural number shall, wherever it occurs in this agreement be interpreted to extend and apply to and include any street or lane of the Corporation, and with the permission of the Commissioners of the Corporation any square, park, stream, bridge or any public place over which the Corporation has jurisdiction in the singular or plural, as the case may require, and unless the context otherwise requires.

(c). And the words "Council" and "Commissioners" shall mean the council and commissioners as defined in the Charter of the City.

(d). In the event of the discontinuance or abolition of the office of Commissioner of the City by the agreement conferred upon or directed to be performed by such person or persons as may from time to time exercise the powers now vested in the Commissioners under the Edmonton Charter.

(e). The word "arbitration" shall mean an arbitration under the provisions of the Arbitration Act.

3. The construction of said works shall commence within six months from the date hereof and the work shall proceed with all reasonable speed, so that the said works shall be in operation not later than the first day of July, 1911, provided that unless the said construction is so commenced, proceeded with and completed, the privileges hereby granted shall at the option of the Corporation to be signified by resolution of the council thereof, cease and determine; Provided that such option shall not be exercised until the completion of the said construction within the time limited when the causes of such failure are beyond the control of the Contractors and are remedied within a reasonable time, the cause of proof of which shall in every case be upon the Contractors.

4. The Corporation gives the Contractors power and authority to undertake and complete such works as may be required to manufacture artificial gas for the purpose of lighting railway coaches and to deliver the same through, under or along such or such parts of the streets of the City and under such conditions as may be approved by the Commissioners and in accordance with permits issued by them and for the purpose of constructing the same after obtaining permit from the Commissioners to enter upon with all necessary appliances and workmen to erect and install such and use such or such parts of the streets as may be approved as aforesaid to take up, trench, alter or replace with the approval of the said Commissioners all or any of the works so laid down and constructed, and to make with the approval of the said Commissioners all necessary connections and points of delivery within the temporary grounds of any Railway Company now or hereafter located within the City.

5. The works hereby authorized shall as far as possible be constructed on the lands of the City rather than upon the streets and in no event will any works be carried along or through any of the streets of the City especially those paved with so-called permanent pavement, unless in the opinion of the Commissioners such is absolutely necessary.

6. Before any work hereby authorized shall be carried out by the Contractors on any street, the plans and profiles showing the character and extent thereof shall be furnished to the Commissioners and approved by them. The time and manner of the carrying out of the works shall be under all control and supervision of the Commissioners.

7. If the said work is not carried out according to the plans and profiles as approved by the Commissioners they shall have power to forbid the continuance of such work and on such prohibition the Contractors shall forthwith cease the same and shall if so directed by the Commissioners restore the streets to as good condition and state of repair as existed before the commencement thereof, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, and the certificate of the Commissioners in this regard shall be final and conclusive between the parties, and if the Contractors do not so restore the streets, the Commissioners may do so, and may charge the expense thereof to the Contractors, who shall be liable to pay the same forthwith for the same on or before the tenth day of the next succeeding calendar month.

8. Upon the completion of any work hereby authorized the Contractors shall restore the streets upon which such work has been carried out to as good condition and state of repair as existed before the commencement thereof, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, and the certificate of the Commissioners in this regard shall be final and conclusive between the parties, and if the Contractors do not so restore the streets, the Commissioners may do so, and may charge the expense thereof to the Contractors, who shall be liable to pay the same forthwith for the same on or before the tenth day of the next succeeding calendar month.

of the exercise of any of the privileges hereby granted, whether or not such privileges are at the time such loss, costs, damages or expenses arose or were incurred, being exercised pursuant to the directions of the Corporation, or with the approval of the Commissioners.

9. Provided that the Contractors shall be liable only if the Corporation gives to the Contractors notice of any claim for which it is liable, before the expiration of the time limited for appearance and if such notice is given, the Corporation shall be liable to the Contractors as between the Corporation and the Contractors, and the Corporation shall be deemed to have accepted of the Corporation of any of its rights over or control of the streets or public places under which the Contractors may be permitted from time to time to construct, extend or repair their works and should the Corporation at any time during the life of this agreement or during the existence of said works change or alter the grades, or decide to reconstruct water mains, sewers or conduits, or railways, tracks, electric conduits, pavements, subways or municipal improvements of any nature whatsoever requiring the alteration, reconstruction or removal of any of the Contractors' works in such streets or public places, the said Contractors agree in consideration of the privileges hereby granted to the Corporation to conform to the Corporation's plans in the system of move their works affected by any such municipal work to conform to the Corporation's plans in the system of the Commissioners; and such alteration, reconstruction or removal of the Contractors' works shall be done in conjunction with the municipal work, so as to interfere as little as possible therewith and so as not to retard the progress thereof; and the said Contractors should not proceed with their part of the work as herein agreed to until they have received the approval of the Commissioners, it is hereby understood and agreed that the Commissioners may order such work to be done by other parties at the cost and expense of the said Contractors and any cost and expenses so incurred by order of the Commissioners on account of the said Contractors shall be paid by the said Contractors on or before the 10th day of the calendar month succeeding that during which such cost or expense is actually incurred. Bills for such cost or expense approved by the Commissioners, to be accepted by the Contractors as full and complete discharge of the same incurred on their account.

10. In further consideration of the privileges hereby granted the said Contractors hereby waive any claim for damages due to any cost or expense incurred by them by reason of any alteration, reconstruction or removal of any part of their works necessitated by the execution of any municipal improvement or interference or hindrance with the business or operations of the said Contractors consequent upon such municipal improvements.

11. If it be found that the pavement of the streets of the City of Edmonton has become deteriorated by the gas in the Contractors' works, or the gas escaping therefrom, the Contractor will pay to the Corporation any such sum as shall be determined by the Commissioners to be sufficient to cover the increased cost to the Corporation of maintaining all streets, under which the Contractors' mains, pipes, and connections are laid, in repair by reason of such deterioration. The certificate of the Commissioners shall be prima facie evidence of the fact of such deterioration, and such arbitration shall be held forthwith after notice to arbitrate shall have been given by the Corporation.

12. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to limit the obligation to observe any bylaw of the Corporation which may now or shall hereafter be in force in the City of Edmonton.

13. Provided that nothing herein contained shall be construed to limit the time any of the powers, authorities or privileges given to the Contractors by the Corporation, which shall extend beyond the term of twenty years and the said powers, authorities and privileges shall be in full force and effect until the expiration of such period absolutely cease and determine.

14. Nothing in this Agreement contained shall be construed to permit the Contractors to construct or use their works for the purpose of manufacturing and delivering gas in the City of Edmonton for other than the purpose herein specified.

15. Nothing herein contained shall be construed so as to prevent the Corporation from granting privileges, of the same or of a similar nature to the privileges herein granted to any person or persons, firm or corporation at any time when the Corporation may so desire.

16. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to limit the application of any general bylaws, rules or regulations hereafter made by the Corporation, which shall in any way affect the Contractors or their business; and the said Contractors hereby agree that they shall be liable for damages which might arise from any interference with their works, business or operations in consequence of such bylaws, rules or regulations.

17. The Contractors carry on their business so as to avoid any way to create a nuisance, and will indemnify and save harmless and keep indemnified the Corporation from all loss, costs, damages and charges that it may be at any time put to by reason of the business of the Corporation or any act, matter or thing done by it becoming a nuisance or menace to the public health, convenience or safety.

18. It is hereby expressly understood and agreed between the parties hereto that all covenants, promises, powers, arrears, obligations, privileges and licenses herein contained shall be binding upon, enure to the benefit of, and may be exercised by the respective successors and assigns of the parties hereto. Executed by the parties hereto, at Edmonton the day and year first above written. In the presence of

FIXED EASTER IS THEIR IDEA NOW

Business Men of Europe Are Agitating for a Change in the Calendar

OTHER CHANGES PLANNED

Idea Is to Do Away With Upsetting of Business Caused by Present System

London, June 2.—The old, vexatious question: "When will Easter come this year?" promises to be answered definitely at last. If the majority of European business men have their way, and can agree upon a system, the modern Christian calendar will cease to be, and in its place will be a practical one, a business calendar, in which the date of Easter will be fixed to occur on the same date every year. It is strictly a matter of business. By establishing positively a fixed Easter it is calculated that business in Europe alone will be saved each year losses of \$100,000,000, that being the figure it is estimated that the shifting date of the present Easter causes for this single church holiday.

Other irregularities in the present calendar run the bill up to \$300,000,000 and affect something like 300,000,000 engaged in all lines of work and business, all of which is expected to be remedied by the establishment of a "symmetrical year."

It is an old problem and one that has vexed the minds of churches and governments many times before. Since Pope Gregory issued the manifesto that made the present calendar universal in Christian countries, its anomalies and irregularities have been a constant source of irritation to many interests. Governments have tried to remedy this, reformers have dared to voice the opinion that Pope Gregory was not a practical man, in so far as he is judged by his calendar. But nothing has been done to alter the calendar.

Business Back of Project.
Now business takes the matter up, and it is expected that at last there will be a change. Practically every chamber of commerce in Europe, including both large and small cities in all countries, has pledged itself to the project of calendar reformation. The reason is good and sufficient: a new calendar will mean more dollars in the pockets of business.

The movement is strong in England. It is stronger still on the continent, where the present movable Easter disorganizes the life of some 300,000,000 persons. In many parts of France, Germany and Italy, Easter is for practical purposes the beginning and end of the year. Every year, therefore, differs in length from that before.

The manner in which the alteration will be made is planned through an equalization of the here heretofore months. The "normal" month is to have thirty days. Of the remaining five, one is to be tacked on to the last month of each quarter, and the odd day is to be New Year's day.

As the year is to consist of 360 days, any month, but to be sandwiched between the 31st of December and the 1st of January. The English amendment to this is that the dateless day shall be Christmas day, as Christmas is a general holiday; and this would not break the symmetry of the system. Each quarter of the year would thus contain ninety-one days, the first and second months having thirty days and the last month thirty-one.

To prevent the disturbance of this immutable system, Leap Year day is to be treated as is New Year's day. It shall be inserted after the 31st of any fourth year, but shall not count as a date or as a day of the week. Astronomically the calendar will remain as correct as it is today; and to disarm feminine criticism the leap year feature of feminine marriage proposals is to be left inviolate.

I. C. R. NOT QUICK ENOUGH

Halifax, June 2.—It is believed now that the Intercolonial Railway authorities had an eye on the Dominion Atlantic Railway, and the possibility of acquiring it, but the C.P.R. moved more quickly and obtained control of the D. A. R. stock before the Intercolonial people knew it.

EDISON'S LATEST

Newark, N.J., June 2.—Thomas A. Edison, the "electrical wizard," said today that he has succeeded in inventing a moving picture photographing machine that will take pictures in their natural colors, the experiments showing such results as to warrant the inventor in saying that almost any day would see its perfection.

SAVING THE SITUATION

A very enjoyable dance had been arranged by the members of a golf club in Egypt, and the genial Scotch secretary was acting as master of the ceremonies. It happened to be a Saturday, and at midnight, just when the fun was at its height, the secretary, acting on the suggestion of one of the older members of the party, announced that the dancing would cease. There was a general "Oh!" of disappointment, and the guests reluctantly prepared to depart. Suddenly, however, the cannie Scot, who had left the ballroom for a moment, hurriedly returned holding a copy of

"Whittaker's Almanack" in his hand. "Ladies and gentlemen," he said, "I think me may keep the ball rolling a little longer without any conscientious scruples, for I find it will not be Sunday for nearly two hours yet in Scotland!"

SHAW JARS TOLSTOY

London, June 2.—G. B. Shaw, who regularly corresponds with Count Tolstoy, has given the aged Russian reformer, a harsh jab by joking on a serious subject.

Tolstoy asked Shaw to send him a copy of his "The Showing Up of Blanco Posete." Shaw sent him one with a letter in which, replying to

Tolstoy's criticism that Shaw jests too much, he contended that humor is a divine attribute and for all he knew the universe might be a joke of the gods, in which case it was worth while to make it a good joke, not a bad one.

Tolstoy was greatly startled and annoyed. He sent an acid reply, accompanied by a long dissertation on religion.

On the Lookout

"Do you notice your new neighbors, Mrs. O'Leary?"

"Not to speak to; but O notice it very thing they do."—Judge's Liberator.

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